section, the agencies represented on the Interagency Committee may enter into contracts and cooperative agreements and make grants to universities, research institutions, and other persons. Such contracts, cooperative agreements, and grants shall address research and technology priorities set forth in the oil pollution research plan under subsection (b) of this section.

(11) Utilization of resources

In carrying out research under this section, the Department of Transportation shall continue to utilize the resources of the Research and Special Programs Administration of the Department of Transportation, to the maximum extent practicable.

(d) International cooperation

In accordance with the research plan submitted under subsection (b) of this section, the Interagency Committee shall coordinate and cooperate with other nations and foreign research entities in conducting oil pollution research, development, and demonstration activities, including controlled field tests of oil discharges.

(e) Biennial reports

The Chairman of the Interagency Committee shall submit to Congress every 2 years on October 30 a report on the activities carried out under this section in the preceding 2 fiscal years, and on activities proposed to be carried out under this section in the current 2 fiscal year period.

(f) Funding

Not to exceed \$22,000,000 of amounts in the Fund shall be available annually to carry out this section except for subsection (c)(8) of this section. Of such sums-

- (1) funds authorized to be appropriated to carry out the activities under subsection (c)(4) of this section shall not exceed \$5,000,000 for fiscal year 1991 or \$3,500,000 for any subsequent fiscal year: and
- (2) not less than \$3,000,000 shall be available for carrying out the activities in subsection (c)(6) of this section for fiscal years 1992, 1993, 1994, and 1995.

All activities authorized in this section, including subsection (c)(8) of this section, are subject to appropriations.

(Pub. L. 101–380, title VII, $\S7001$, Aug. 18, 1990, 104 Stat. 559; Pub. L. 101-537, title II, § 2002, Nov. 8, 1990, 104 Stat. 2375; Pub. L. 101-646, title IV, § 4002, Nov. 29, 1990, 104 Stat. 4788.)

REFERENCES IN TEXT

This Act, referred to in subsec. (c)(8)(G), is Pub. L. 101-380, Aug. 18, 1990, 104 Stat. 484, as amended, known as the Oil Pollution Act of 1990, which is classified principally to this chapter. For complete classification of this Act to the Code, see Short Title note set out under section 2701 of this title and Tables.

1990—Subsec. (c)(6). Pub. L. 101-537, §2002(1), and Pub. L. 101-646, §4002(1), made substantially identical amendments, substituting "4" for "3" and inserting cl. (D).
Subsec. (f). Pub. L. 101–537, §2002(2), and Pub. L.

101-646, \$4002(2), amended subsec. (f) identically, substituting "\$22,000,000" for "\$21,250,000" in introductory provisions and "\$3,000,000" for "\$2,250,000" in par. (2).

DELEGATION OF FUNCTIONS

Functions of President under subsec. (a)(3) of this section delegated to Secretary of Transportation by section 8(h) of Ex. Ord. No. 12777, Oct. 18, 1991, 56 F.R. 54769, set out as a note under section 1321 of this title.

CHAPTER 41—NATIONAL COASTAL MONITORING

2801.

Purposes.

2802.

Comprehensive Coastal Water Quality Monitoring Program.

- (a) Authority; joint implementation.
- (b) Program elements.
- (c) Monitoring guidelines and protocols.
- (d) Intensive coastal water quality monitoring programs.
- (e) Comprehensive Implementation Strategy.

Report to Congress. 2804.

Authorization of appropriations.

- (a) NOAA authorization.
- (b) EPA authorization.

§ 2801. Purposes

The purposes of this chapter are to—

- (1) establish a comprehensive national program for consistent monitoring of the Nation's coastal ecosystems:
- (2) establish long-term water quality assessment and monitoring programs for high priority coastal waters that will enhance the ability of Federal, State, and local authorities to develop and implement effective remedial programs for those waters;
- (3) establish a system for reviewing and evaluating the scientific, analytical, and technological means that are available for monitoring the environmental quality of coastal eco-
- (4) establish methods for identifying uniform indicators of coastal ecosystem quality;
- (5) provide for periodic, comprehensive reports to Congress concerning the quality of the Nation's coastal ecosystems;
- (6) establish a coastal environment information program to distribute coastal monitoring information:
- (7) provide state 1 programs authorized under the Coastal Zone Management Act of 1972 (16 U.S.C. 1451 et seq.) with information necessary to design land use plans and coastal zone regulations that will contribute to the protection of coastal ecosystems; and
- (8) provide certain water pollution control programs authorized under the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (33 U.S.C. 1251 et seq.) with information necessary to design and implement effective coastal water pollution con-

(Pub. L. 92-532, title V, §501, as added Pub. L. 102-567, title V, §501, Oct. 29, 1992, 106 Stat. 4293.)

References in Text

The Coastal Zone Management Act of 1972, referred to in par. (7), is title III of Pub. L. 89-454 as added by Pub. L. 92-583, Oct. 27, 1972, 86 Stat. 1280, as amended, which is classified generally to chapter 33 (§1451 et seq.) of Title 16, Conservation. For complete classification of

¹So in original, Probably should be capitalized.